

## Previous CS147 Quizzes 2019

### Quiz 1

1. The best way to deal with a couch potato or hitchhiker on your team is to:
  - a. Ignore the problematic team member's opinions
  - b. Set firm, explicit expectations and stick to your guns
  - c. Absorb the problem and get the job done
  - d. Share the blame— maybe it's just a dysfunctional group
  
2. Which of the following does NOT determine group intelligence?
  - a. Average social perceptiveness
  - b. Intelligence of members
  - c. Evenness of conversation
  - d. Proportion of women
  
3. The first step of the needfinding process is
  - a. Define
  - b. Prototype
  - c. Empathize
  - d. Ideate
  
4. Which of the following is NOT a good way to get the most from a critique?
  - a. Don't take it personally
  - b. Listen with an open mind
  - c. Stand your ground
  - d. Decide on revisions
  
5. What should you NOT do during effective brainstorming?
  - a. Go for quantity
  - b. Everyone talk at once
  - c. Pick only the good ideas
  - d. Build on the ideas of others

## Quiz 2

1. What are the differences between low and high-fidelity prototypes?
  - a. Low-fidelity prototypes are made using Figma, but high-fidelity prototypes are made using ReactNative
  - b. Low-fidelity prototypes allow users to provide feedback on colors, fonts, and alignment
  - c. Low-fidelity prototypes allow users to provide feedback on interactions and overall application structure
  - d. Low-fidelity prototypes are most often made using paper or whiteboards
2. What is Wizard of Oz testing?
  - a. A human simulates the intended high-tech behavior of the prototype behind-the-scenes
  - b. A facilitator describes the setting, so the participant feels like they are transported to the prototype's relevant circumstances
  - c. There is a specific order of tasks that the participant must follow to complete the testing
  - d. Magic is used to make the paper prototype feel like a high-fi prototype
3. Select all of the inventions that are credited to Engelbart.
  - a. First mouse
  - b. First QWERTY keyboard
  - c. First word processor
  - d. First commercial GUI
  - e. First groupware
4. According to Scott Klemmer, which of the following is not one of the three goals of visual design?
  - a. Guide - Convey structure, relative importance, relationships
  - b. Pace - Draw people in, help orient, provide hooks to dive deep
  - c. Message - Express meaning and style, breathe life into the content
  - d. All of them are goals of visual design

### Quiz 3

1. According to the model human processor (MHP), cognition was conceptualized as a series of processors combined with memory. Which of the following is not a processor in the MHP?

- a. Cognitive processor
- b. Motor processor
- c. Memory processor
- d. Perceptual processor

2. Which of the following are true statements about color perception?

- a. Rods are used to sense color, cones are used for night vision
- b. Constant refocusing on different wavelengths of light causes fatigue
- c. Saturated colors require more focusing than desaturated colors
- d. Avoid green for small text. Green makes a great background color

3. What are true statements about working memory?

- a. Huge capacity, if not unlimited
- b. Small capacity ( $7 \pm 2$  chunks)
- c. Rapid access (~70ms) & decay (~200ms)
- d. Slow access (~100ms) & little decay

4. Don Norman discusses the design of doors and their affordances. Which of the following are GOOD affordances that communicate how to operate doors?

- a. Knobs to indicate twisting
- b. White doors to indicate exit
- c. Large horizontal bars to indicate pushing
- d. Pictorial instructions to indicate push/pull directions

If you have any questions about the quiz/midterm, please post on Piazza.  
Prof Landay or a CA will reply shortly. Good luck with your midterm!