

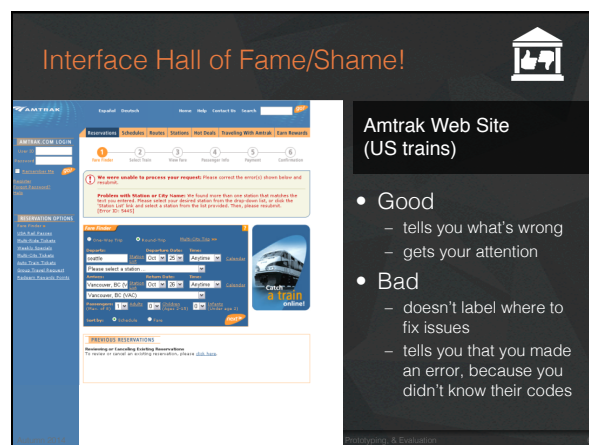
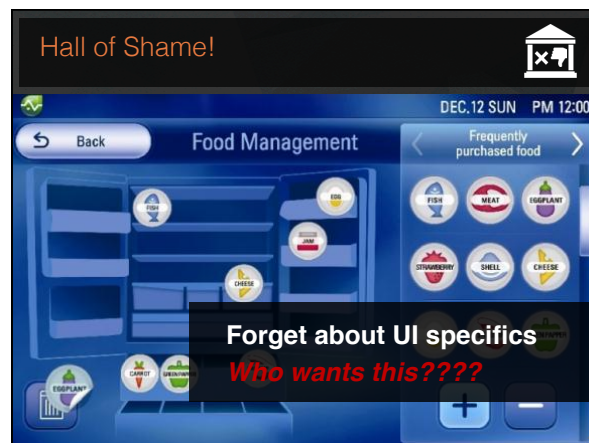
HCI+D: USER INTERFACE DESIGN + PROTOTYPING + EVALUATION

Design Exploration

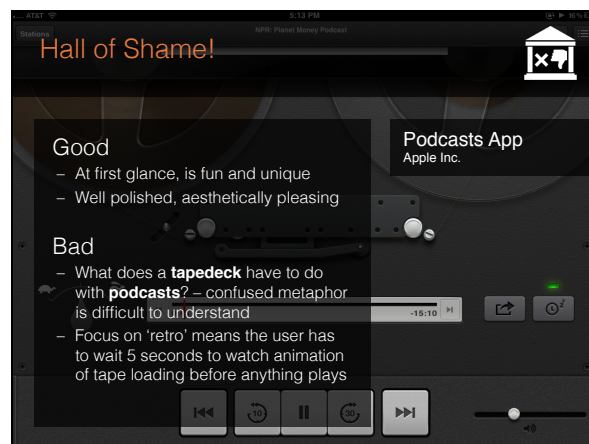
Prof. James A. Landay
 Computer Science Department
 Stanford University

Autumn 2014
 October 2, 2014

* slides marked Buxton are courtesy of Bill Buxton, from his talk "Why I Love the iPod, iPhone, Wii and Google", remix uk, 18-19 Sept. 2008, Brighton



- Good
 - tells you what's wrong
 - gets your attention
- Bad
 - doesn't label where to fix issues
 - tells you that you made an error, because you didn't know their codes



HCID: USER INTERFACE DESIGN + PROTOTYPING + EVALUATION

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Outline

- Review contextual inquiry/task analysis
- Selecting tasks
- Sketching to explore
- Break
- Sketching user experiences
- Storyboarding
- Informal UI prototyping tools

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Task Analysis Review

- Task Analysis questions:
 - Who is going to use the system?
 - What tasks do they now perform?
 - What tasks are desired?
 - How are the tasks learned?
 - Where are the tasks performed?
 - What's the relationship between customer & data?
 - What other tools does the customer have?
 - How do users communicate with each other?
 - How often are the tasks performed?
 - What are the time constraints on the tasks?
 - What happens when things go wrong?

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Selecting Tasks

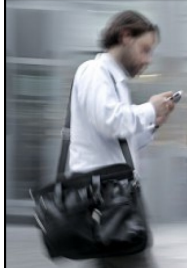
- Real tasks customers have faced
 - collect any necessary materials
- Should provide reasonable coverage
 - compare check list of functions to tasks
- Mixture of simple & complex tasks
 - simple task (common or introductory)
 - moderate task
 - complex task (infrequent or for power customers)

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What Should Tasks Look Like?

- Say what customer **wants to do**, but **not how**
 - allows comparing different design alternatives

Good



Bad



What Should Tasks Look Like?

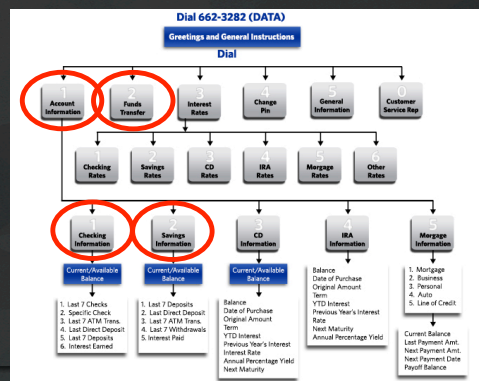
- Say what customer **wants to do**, but **not how**
 - allows comparing different design alternatives
- Be very specific – stories based on facts!
 - say who customers are (use personas or profiles)
 - design can really differ depending on who
 - name names (allows getting more info later)
 - characteristics of customers (job, expertise, etc.)
 - forces us to fill out description w/ relevant details
 - example: file browser story or dentists forms
- Some should describe a complete job
 - forces us to consider how features work together
 - example: phone-in bank functions

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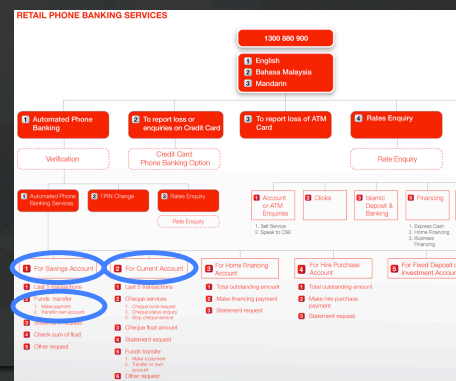
14

What Should Tasks Look Like?



15

What Should Tasks Look Like?



16

Using Tasks in Design

- Write up a description of tasks
 - formally or informally
 - run by customers and rest of the design team
 - get more information where needed

Manny is in the city at a club and would like to call his girlfriend, Sherry, to see when she will be arriving at the club. She called from a friends house while he was on the subway, so he couldn't answer the phone. He would like to check his missed calls and find the number so that he can call her back.

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17

Using Tasks in Design (cont.)

- Rough out an interface design
 - discard features that don't support your tasks
 - or add a real task that exercises that feature
 - major screens & functions (not too detailed)
 - hand sketched
 - at **least 30 sketches** on the CI/TA assignment!
- Produce scenarios for each task
 - what customer has to do & what they would see
 - step-by-step performance of task
 - illustrate using storyboards
 - sequences of sketches showing screens & transitions

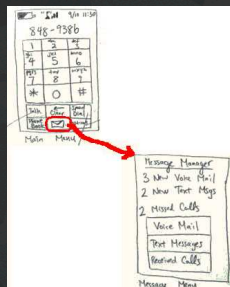
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18

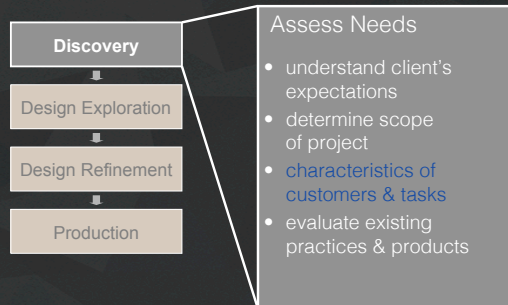
Scenarios (cont.)

- Scenarios are *design specific*, tasks aren't
- Scenarios force us to
 - show how various features will work together
 - settle design arguments by seeing examples
 - only examples → sometimes need to look beyond
- Show users storyboards
 - get feedback



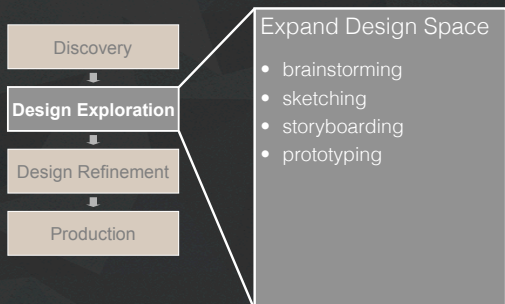
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Design Process: Discovery



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Design Process: Exploration



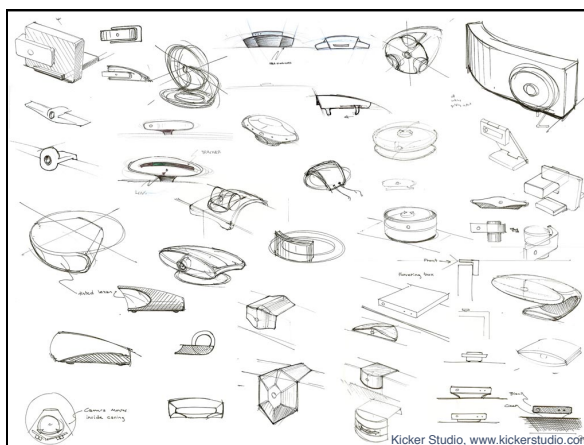
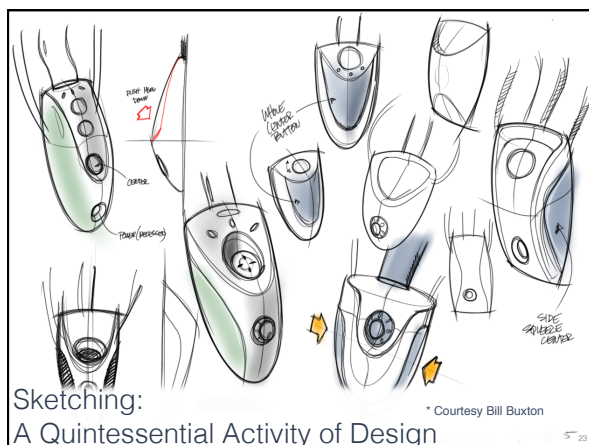
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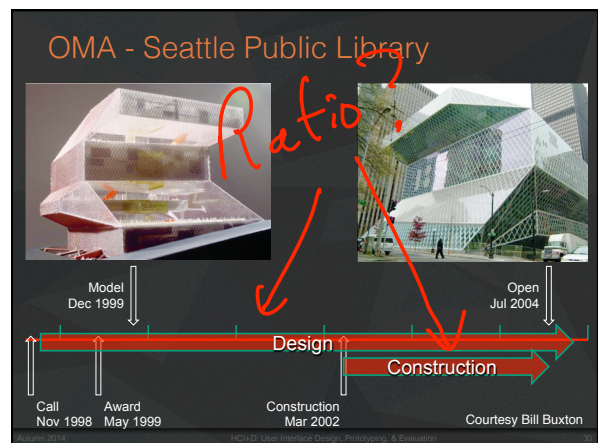
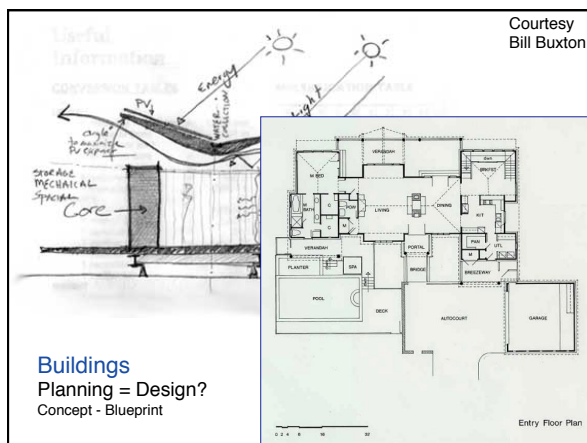
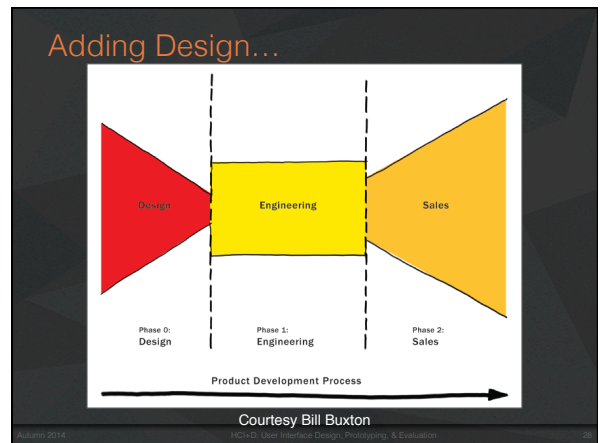
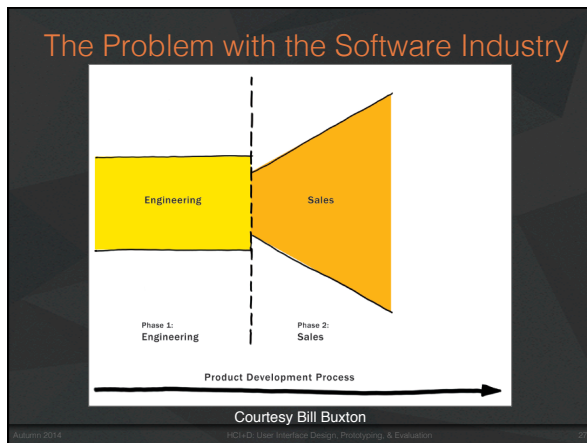
Iteration

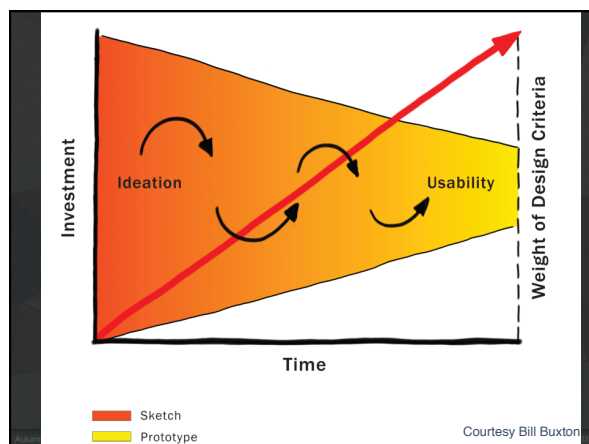
At every stage!



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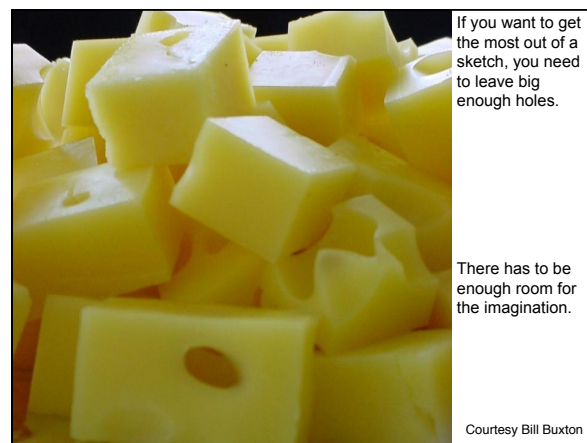


From Sketch to Prototype

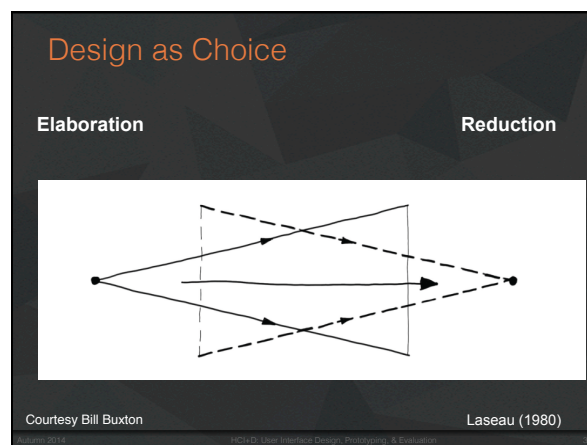
SKETCH	PROTOTYPE
EVOCATIVE	DIDACTIC
SUGGEST	DESCRIBE
EXPLORE	REFINE
QUESTION	ANSWER
PROPOSE	TEST
PROVOKE	RESOLVE
TENTATIVE	SPECIFIC
NONCOMMITTAL	DEPICTION

Courtesy Bill Buxton

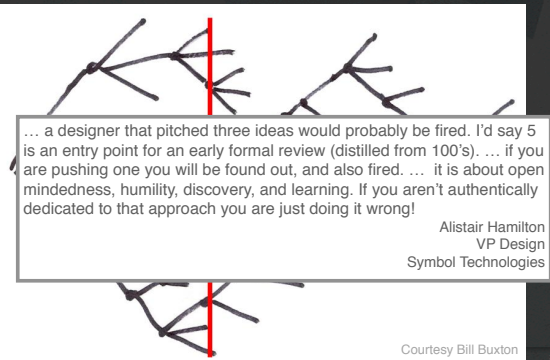
- ### The Anatomy of Sketching
- Quick / Timely
 - Inexpensive / Disposable
 - Plentiful
 - Clear vocabulary. You know that it is a sketch (lines extend through endpoints, ...)
 - No higher resolution than required to communicate the intended purpose/concept
 - Resolution doesn't suggest a degree of refinement of concept that exceeds actual state
 - Ambiguous
- Courtesy Bill Buxton



- ### Sketching in Interaction Design
- Analogous to traditional sketching
 - Shares all of the same key attributes
 - More feel than look
 - Must accommodate time & dynamics
 - Phrasing
- Courtesy Bill Buxton



Exploration of Alternatives

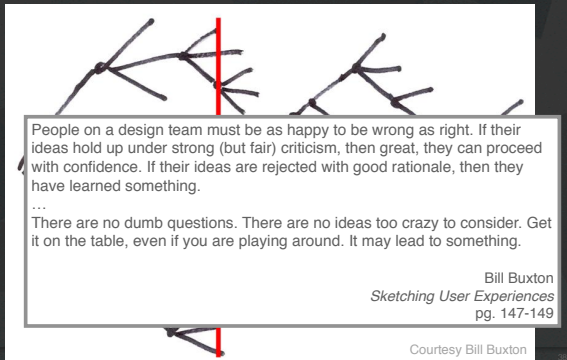


... a designer that pitched three ideas would probably be fired. I'd say 5 is an entry point for an early formal review (distilled from 100's). ... if you are pushing one you will be found out, and also fired. ... It is about open mindedness, humility, discovery, and learning. If you aren't authentically dedicated to that approach you are just doing it wrong!

Alistair Hamilton
VP Design
Symbol Technologies

Courtesy Bill Buxton

Exploration of Alternatives



People on a design team must be as happy to be wrong as right. If their ideas hold up under strong (but fair) criticism, then great, they can proceed with confidence. If their ideas are rejected with good rationale, then they have learned something.

...
There are no dumb questions. There are no ideas too crazy to consider. Get it on the table, even if you are playing around. It may lead to something.

Bill Buxton
Sketching User Experiences
pg. 147-149

Courtesy Bill Buxton

QUIZ
URL HERE

BREAK

Administrivia

- Friday studio this week is very important
 - Team Formation
 - If you are unable to attend, email your CA & Nicole Zhu & say why – you will need to fill out a survey by the time of your studio session (or earlier)!
- If you are *not* taking the class, now is the time to let us know!
- Questions on Hall of Fame/Shame assignment?

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141

Design



Courtesy Bill Buxton

Experience Design



Courtesy Bill Buxton

"The experience of even simple artifacts does not exist in a vacuum but, rather, in dynamic relationship with other people, places, and objects" – Buchenau & Suri 2000

Experience vs. Interface Design



CitrusMate Plus



Mighty OJ Manual Juicer



OrangeX Manual Juicer

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Experience Design



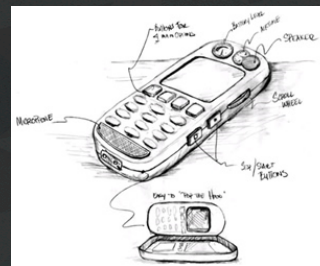
- Draw my phone
- Draw my phone's interface
- Draw the experience of using my phone
- Which is the true object of design?

Courtesy Bill Buxton

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Minimal Detail

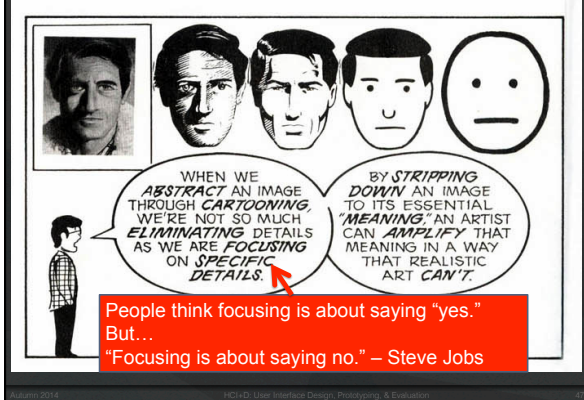
Include only what is required to render the intended purpose or concept



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Scott McCloud's *Understanding Comics*



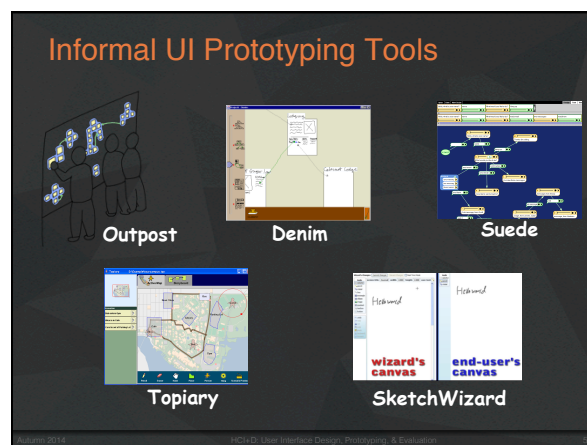
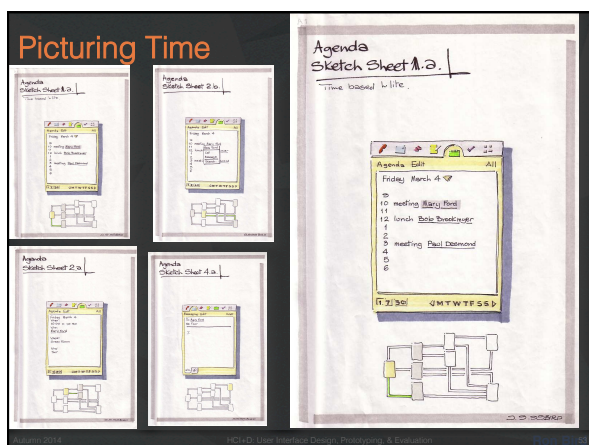
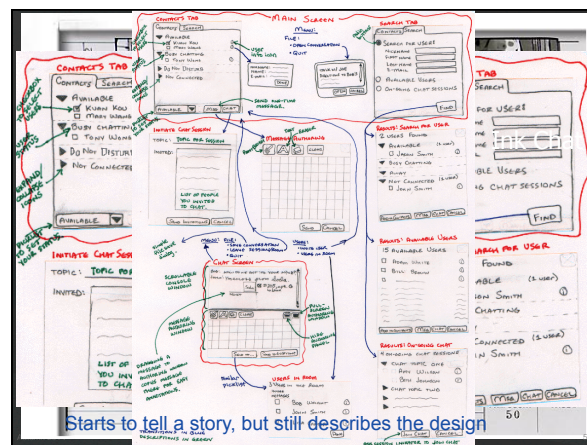
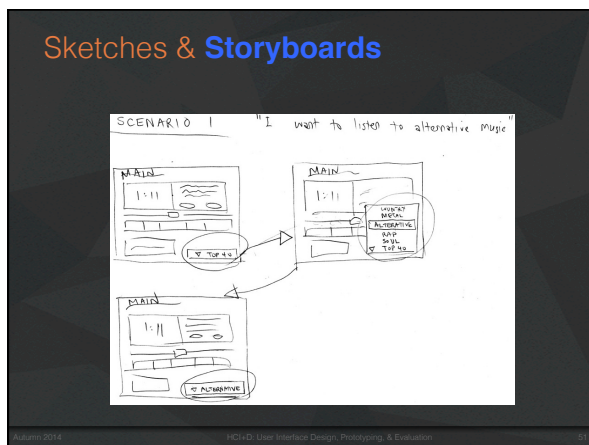
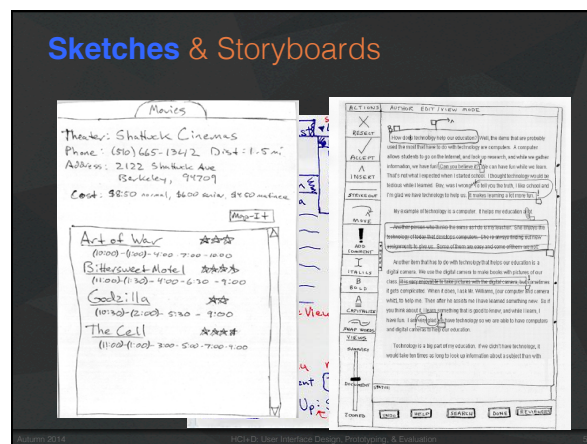
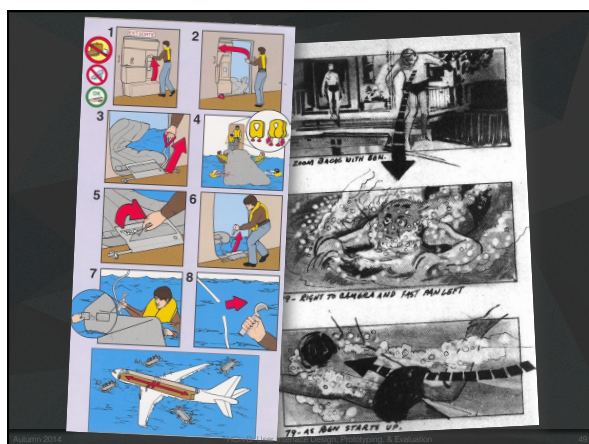
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Sketches & Storyboards



- Where do storyboards come from?
 - film & animation
- Give you a “script” of important events
 - leave out the details
 - concentrate on the important interactions

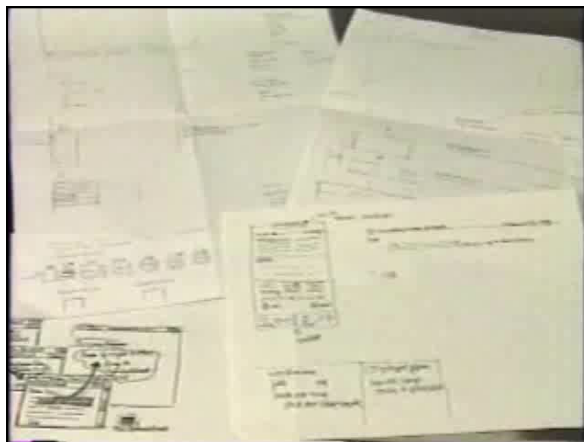
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Informal UI Prototyping Tools

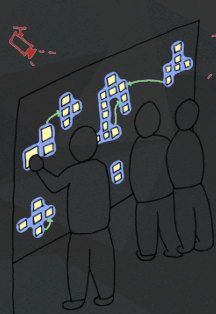
- Support advantages of low-fi paper prototypes
 - brainstorming
 - consider different ideas rapidly
 - do not require specification of details
 - incomplete designs
 - need not cover all cases, just illustrate important examples
- Add advantages of electronic tools
 - evolve easily
 - support for “design memory”
 - transition to other electronic tools
 - allow end-user interaction

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Designers' Outpost:

A Tangible Interface for Designing Information Architectures



- Combines physical & virtual
 - physical post-its, virtual feedback
- Supports existing practice
 - affordances of paper
 - collaboration
 - large, persistent representation
- Adds advantages of e-media
 - editing, reuse, distribution
 - hand-off later to other tools

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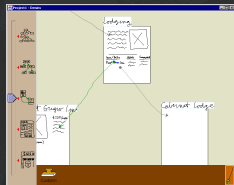


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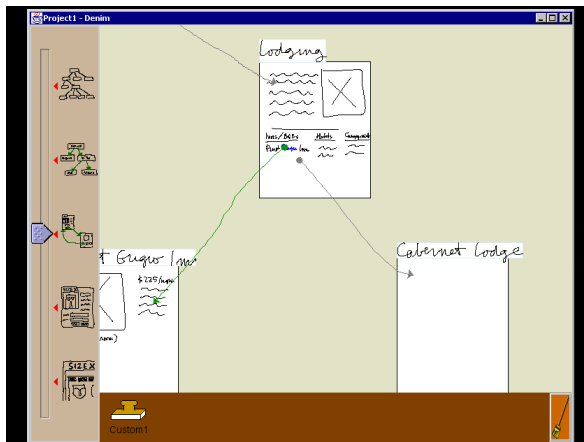
DENIM:

Designing Web Sites by Sketching

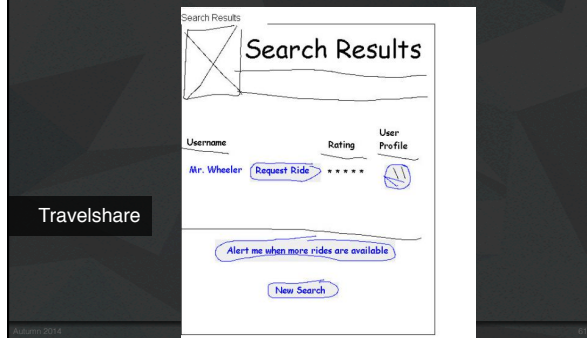
- Early-phase navigation & interaction design
- Integrates multiple views
 - site map – storyboard – page sketch



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Low-fi Prototyping & Testing



Summary

- Selecting tasks ?
 - real tasks with reasonable functionality coverage
 - complete, specific tasks of what customer wants to do
- Sketching allows exploration of many concepts in the very early stages of design
- As investment goes up, need to use more and more formal criteria for evaluation
- Informal prototyping tools bridge the gap between paper & high-fi tools

Next Time

- Studio (Friday)
- Lecture (Tuesday)
 - Working as a team
 - Read
 - *Tips for Working Successfully in a Group* by Randy Pausch
 - *The Discipline of Teams*, by Katzenbach & Smith, *Harvard Business Review*
 - Watch Online videos BEFORE class (TBD)
 - In class team exercises
- Lecture (Thursday)
 - Video Prototyping & Concept Videos
- Studio (next Friday)
 - CI/Task Analysis/Sketches Presentation (1 team member)